

Three possible affects of TBS:

1. Spinal damage during the delivery process may result in post traumatic spinal arthritis, a weakened spine and other spinal disorders.
2. Nerve system damage during the delivery process can plague the infant throughout its life in the form of malfunctioning internal organs, adverse affects to the muscles and coordination and damage to the vital systems of the body such as the immune system.
3. Illnesses that may threaten the life of the infant, child and adult in addition to limiting the capacity to live.

There is much controversy about where to place the responsibility for occurrences of TBS. There is significant evidence that hospital aided deliveries may result in a high incidence of TBS. Take a look at these statistics from hospital aided deliveries:

- 10-12% of infant deaths are due to, what Chiropractors term, TBS with the resultant Vertebral Subluxation Complex.
- 80-84% of children were the victims of, what Chiropractors term, TBS with the resultant Vertebral Subluxation Complex.
- 7 out of 8 newborn infant cadavers examined by a well known neuropathologist from Harvard Medical School died from spinal injury with nervous system damage, what Chiropractors term, TBS with the resultant Vertebral Subluxation Complex.
- "Of 13 countries in a recent comparison, the United States ranks an average of 12th (second from the bottom) for 16 available health indicators.

--Journal of the American Medical Association

This article states that the U. S. ranks:

- 13th (last) for low birth weight percentages
- 13th for neonatal mortality and infant mortality overall
- 11th for post-neonatal mortality

These disappointing statistics suggest a heightened likelihood of unexpected complications in hospital deliveries in the U.S. They also support the possibility of increased hospital birth trauma including TBS and the resultant Vertebral Subluxation Complex and Subluxation Degeneration.